

**Status quo of the use of rejuvenators,  
a German perspective**

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**Motto: Let's asphalt out of the crisis**

**Proof of the effectiveness of a  
Rejuvenator according to the  
H Re WA (edition 2022) of the FGSV**

## General

- ➔ In terms of sustainability and the circular economy, the reuse of asphalt and the recovery of reclaimed asphalt as a resource is becoming more and more important.
- ➔ The addition of reclaimed asphalt in asphalt production leads to changes in the resulting properties of the asphalt
- ➔ To compensate for this ageing process rejuvenators can be used to achieve the returned similar properties to its original rheological state.
- ➔ “Guidelines for the application of rejuvenators in the reuse of asphalt” (H Re WA) in 2022 by the Forschungsgesellschaft (FGSV)

## Definitions

- ➔ Rejuvenators based on renewable raw materials, mineral-based rejuvenators. Bitumen with a lower viscosity can also be used.
- ➔ Rejuvenator is an additive that restores an aged bitumen to near its original rheological properties.
- ➔ Rejuvenated bitumen is a bituminous binder consisting of aged bitumen that has been restored to near its original rheological properties by the addition of a rejuvenator.
- ➔ Bitumen ageing is the change over time of bitumen properties relevant to processing and use.

## Proof of the rejuvenator at bitumen: Level B

- ➔ Testing as-delivered condition
- ➔ Aged Bitumen
- ➔ Determination of the rejuvenator addition amount
- ➔ Testing of the rejuvenated bitumen
- ➔ Testing of aged rejuvenated bitumen
- ➔ Completion of the results and assignment of the rejuvenator

## Proof of rejuvenator at asphalt: Level A

- ➔ Determination of the asphalt properties of the reference asphalt mix
- ➔ Testing of the asphalt mixture conditioned according to the Brunswick ageing procedure (BSA)
- ➔ Determination of the Rejuvenator addition amount
- ➔ Determination of the asphalt properties of the rejuvenated asphalt mix
- ➔ Testing of the rejuvenated asphalt mix conditioned according to the Brunswick ageing procedure (BSA)

## Compilation of the results of the bitumen level of the rejuvenator RheoFalt® HP-AM

| Level                     | Test result<br>Addition = 7.0 wt.% |                    |                    |                | Classification according to the classification<br>criteria of the<br>Table 1 of H Re WA 2022 |                    |                    |                |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                           | T<br>(G* = 15 kPa)                 | δ<br>(G* = 15 kPa) | T<br>(S = 300 MPa) | T<br>(m = 0,3) | T<br>(G* = 15 kPa)   | δ<br>(G* = 15 kPa) | T<br>(S = 300 MPa) | T<br>(m = 0,3) |
|                           | [°C]                               | [°]                | [°C]               | [°C]           | [°C]   | [°]                | [°C]               | [°C]           |
| <b>B0</b>                 | <b>52,0</b>                        | <b>83,0</b>        | <b>-18,6</b>       | <b>-18,4</b>   | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B1.1</b>               | <b>58,8</b>                        | <b>80,2</b>        | NR                 | NR             | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B1.2</b>               | <b>73,3</b>                        | <b>74,7</b>        | <b>-16,0</b>       | <b>-10,0</b>   | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B2a</b>                | <b>50,5</b>                        | <b>79,7</b>        | NR                 | NR             | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B2b<br/>(optional)</b> | <b>53,0</b>                        | <b>79,2</b>        | NR                 | NR             | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B2c<br/>(optional)</b> | <b>52,6</b>                        | <b>79,0</b>        | NR                 | NR             | -  | -                  | -                  | -              |
| <b>B3</b>                 | <b>52,6</b>                        | <b>79,0</b>        | <b>-20,4</b>       | <b>-17,6</b>   | <b>ER/MR</b>   | <b>ER/MR</b>       | <b>ER/MR</b>       | <b>ER/MR</b>   |
| <b>B4.1</b>               | <b>58,5</b>                        | <b>77,0</b>        | NR                 | NR             | <b>ER/MR</b>   | <b>MR</b>          | -                  | -              |
| <b>B4.2</b>               | <b>74,7</b>                        | <b>69,8</b>        | <b>-18,8</b>       | <b>-8,6</b>    | <b>ER/MR</b>   | <b>MR</b>          | <b>ER/MR</b>       | <b>ER/MR</b>   |

ER: Simple Rejuvenator  
 MR: Multiple Rejuvenator  
 NR: No Requirement

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Test parameters | Result designation   |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| <b>A0</b> | A0E1.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen                 |
|           | A0E1.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen                               |
|           | A0E2            | Ratio value of the splitting tensile strengths ITSR  |
|           | A0E3            | Fractional temperature $T_F$   |
|           | A0E4.1          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$   |
|           | A0E4.2          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A0E4.3          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = -10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A0E4.4          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = -25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A0E5.1          | Fatigue load cycle number $N$ at $0.05 \text{ }^\circ\text{o}$ ( $T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) |
|           | A0E5.2          | Fatigue load cycle number $N$ at $0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{o}$ ( $T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )  |
|           | A0E6.1          | Elongation rate $\varepsilon (T = 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$                                      |



## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Result designation | Result value | Unit                 | H Re WA 2022 |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
| <b>A0</b> | A0E1.1             | 52,8         | °C                   | -            |
|           | A0E1.2             | 81,0         | °                    | -            |
|           | A0E2               | 97,6         | %                    | -            |
|           | A0E3               | -26,1        | °C                   | -            |
|           | A0E4.1             | 0,973        | MPa                  | -            |
|           | A0E4.2             | 3,814        | MPa                  | -            |
|           | A0E4.3             | 5,927        | MPa                  | -            |
|           | A0E4.4             | 3,815        | MPa                  | -            |
|           | A0E5.1             | 496.552      | -                    | -            |
|           | A0E5.2             | 34.302       | -                    | -            |
|           | A0E6.1             | 0,8          | ‰ · 10 <sup>-4</sup> | -            |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Test parameters | Result designation   |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| <b>A1</b> | A1E1.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen |
|           | A1E1.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen               |

| Level     | Result designation | Result value | Unit | Performance requirement according to table 4 of the H Re WA 2022   |   |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------|------|--|---|
| <b>A1</b> | A1E1.1             | <b>72,7</b>  | °C   | <b><math>A1E1.1 \geq 52.8 \text{ °C} + 15.0 \text{ °C}</math></b><br><b><math>A1E1.1 \leq 52.8 \text{ °C} + 20.0 \text{ °C}</math></b> | ✓ |
|           | A1E1.2             | <b>73,8</b>  | °    | -  |   |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Test parameters | Result designation   |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| <b>A2</b> | A2E1.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen |
|           | A2E1.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen               |
|           | A2E2.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen |
|           | A2E2.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen               |
|           | A2E3.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen |
|           | A2E3.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen               |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Result designation         | Result value | Unit | Performance requirement according to table 4 of the H Re WA 2022 |
|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|------|--|
| <b>A2</b> | A2E1.1 (addition 7.0 wt.%) | <b>55,9</b>  | °C   | -  |
|           | A2E1.2 (addition 7.0 wt.%) | <b>78,4</b>  | °    | -  |
|           | A2E2.1 (addition 8.5 wt.%) | <b>54,1</b>  | °C   | -  |
|           | A2E2.2 (addition 8.5 wt.%) | <b>78,7</b>  | °    | -  |
|           | A2E3.1 (addition 9.0 wt.%) | <b>53,8</b>  | °C   | -  |
|           | A2E3.2 (addition 9.0 wt.%) | <b>78,7</b>  | °    | -  |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Test parameters | Result designation   |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| <b>A3</b> | A3E1.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen                 |
|           | A3E1.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen                               |
|           | A3E2            | Ratio value of the splitting tensile strengths ITSR  |
|           | A3E3            | Fractional temperature $T_F$   |
|           | A3E4.1          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$   |
|           | A3E4.2          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A3E4.3          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = -10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A3E4.4          | Tensile strength $\beta_t (T = -25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$  |
|           | A3E5.1          | Fatigue load cycle number $N$ at $0.05 \text{ }^\circ\text{o}$ ( $T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) |
|           | A3E5.2          | Fatigue load cycle number $N$ at $0.1 \text{ }^\circ\text{o}$ ( $T = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )  |
|           | A3E6.1          | Elongation rate $\varepsilon (T = 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$                                      |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Result designation<br>(Addition quantity 9.0 wt.-%) | Result value | Unit                 | H Re WA 2022                      |   |
|-----------|---|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>A3</b> | A3E1.1  | 55,8         | °C                   | 52.8 °C ± 3.0 °C                  | ✓ |
|           | A3E1.2  | 77,1         | °                    | -                                 |   |
|           | A3E2  | 96,8         | %                    | ≥ 0,85 · 97,6 %                   | ✓ |
|           | A3E3  | -26,1        | °C                   | ≤ -26.1 °C + 2.0 °C               | ✓ |
|           | A3E4.1  | 1,159        | MPa                  | ≥ 0.85 · 0.973 MPa                | ✓ |
|           | A3E4.2  | 3,729        | MPa                  | ≥ 0.85 · 3.814 MPa                | ✓ |
|           | A3E4.3  | 5,107        | MPa                  | ≥ 0.85 · 5.927 MPa                | ✓ |
|           | A3E4.4  | 3,482        | MPa                  | ≥ 0.85 · 3.815 MPa                | ✓ |
|           | A3E5.1  | 449.840      | -                    | ≥ 0,85 · 496.552                  | ✓ |
|           | A3E5.2  | 36.651       | -                    | ≥ 0,85 · 34.302                   | ✓ |
|           | A3E6.1  | 0,4          | ‰ · 10 <sup>-4</sup> | ≤ 1,15 · 0,8 ‰ · 10 <sup>-4</sup> | ✓ |

## Assignment of the test parameters

| Level     | Test parameters | Result designation   |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| <b>A4</b> | A4E1.1          | Equi-shear modulus temperature $T(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen |
|           | A4E1.2          | Phase angle $\delta(G^* = 15 \text{ kPa})$ on recovered road bitumen               |

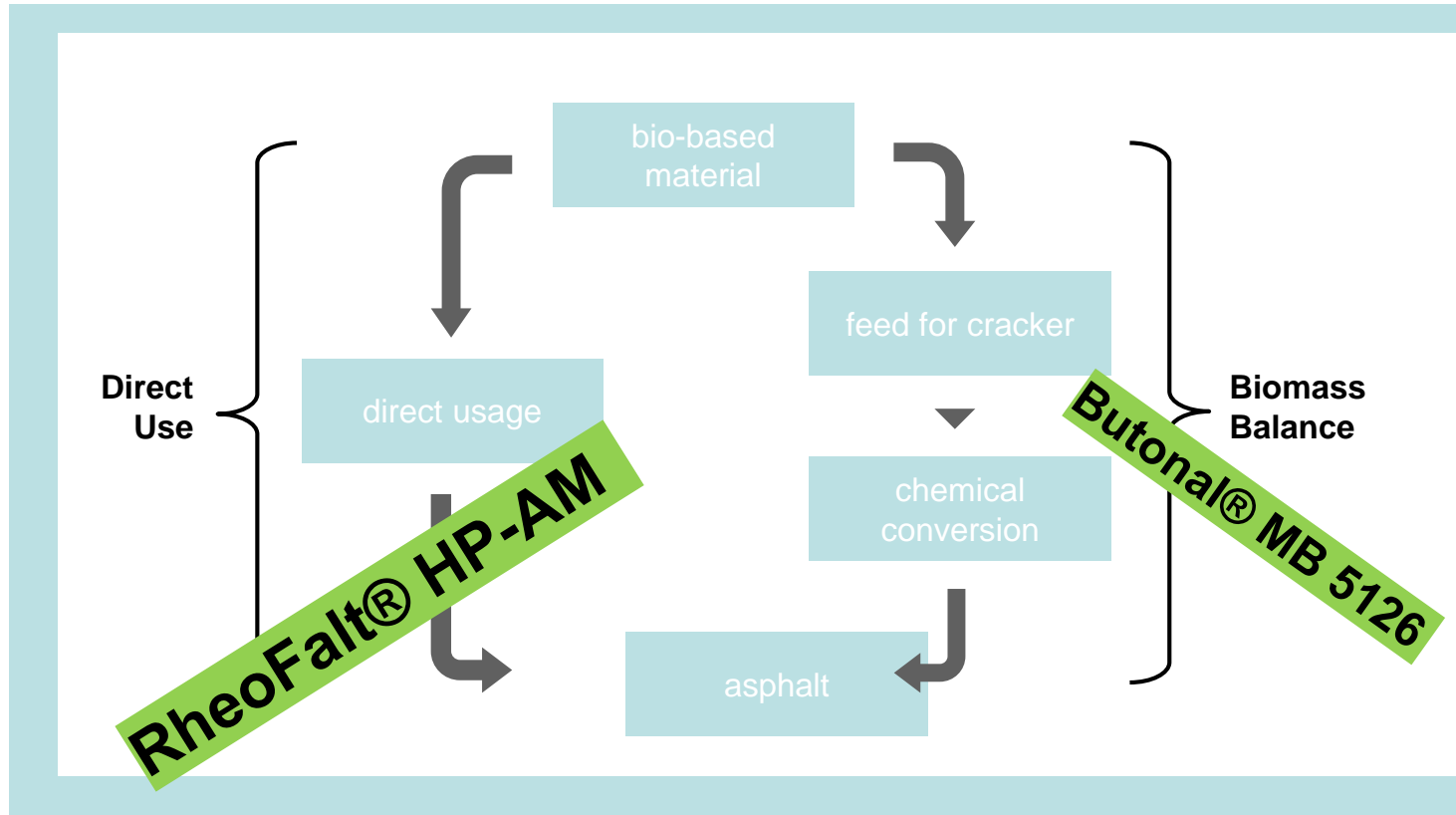
| Level     | Result designation | Result value | Unit               | H Re WA 2022  |          |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|---|----------|
| <b>A4</b> | A4E1.1             | <b>75,2</b>  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | <b>72.7 <math>^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3.0</math></b><br>$^{\circ}\text{C}$ | <b>✓</b> |
|           | A4E1.2             | <b>69,2</b>  | $^{\circ}$         | -   |          |

## Summary part 1

- ➔ **The rejuvenator RheoFalt HP-AM fulfils all classification criteria and requirements of rejuvenators.**
- ➔ **At the asphalt level all requirements for the asphalt properties could be fulfilled.**
- ➔ **Proof of the effectiveness of the rejuvenator RheoFalt® HP-AM both at bitumen level and at asphalt level in accordance with H Re WA (2022 edition) has been provided.**
- ➔ **It was even possible to determine improvements compared to the non-aged reference variant:**
  - **Improved fatigue behaviour in the fatigue test**

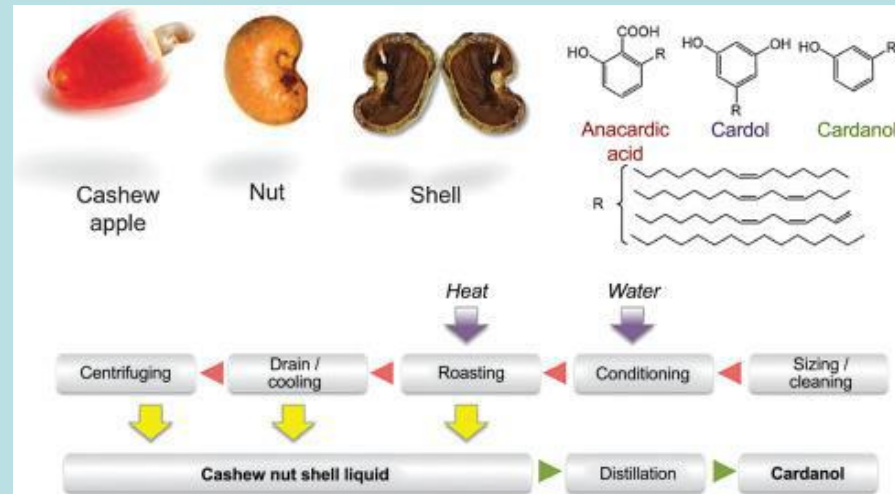


## Sustainability by bio-based materials



Chemistry based solutions on the biomass balance approach bring a broad and sustainable variety of possible additives for higher asphalt performance.

## Cashew nuts – delivery reliability



| Region       | 2021 production [kt] |
|--------------|----------------------|
| Ivory Coast  | 838                  |
| India        | 738                  |
| Vietnam      | 349                  |
| Philippines  | 256                  |
| Tanzania     | 211                  |
| <b>World</b> | <b>3,708</b>         |

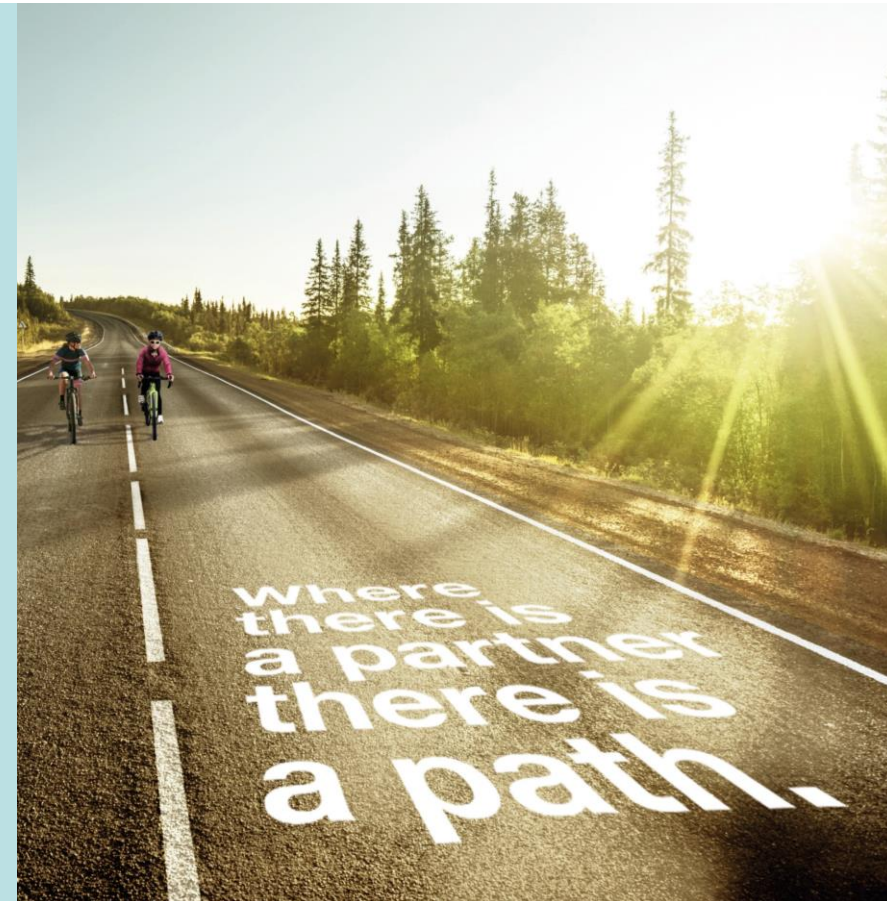
Source: ["Cashew production in 2021; pick lists from world regions/production quantity". FAOSTAT of the UN, 2023. Retrieved 29 April 2023.](#)

## Rheofalt® HP-AM

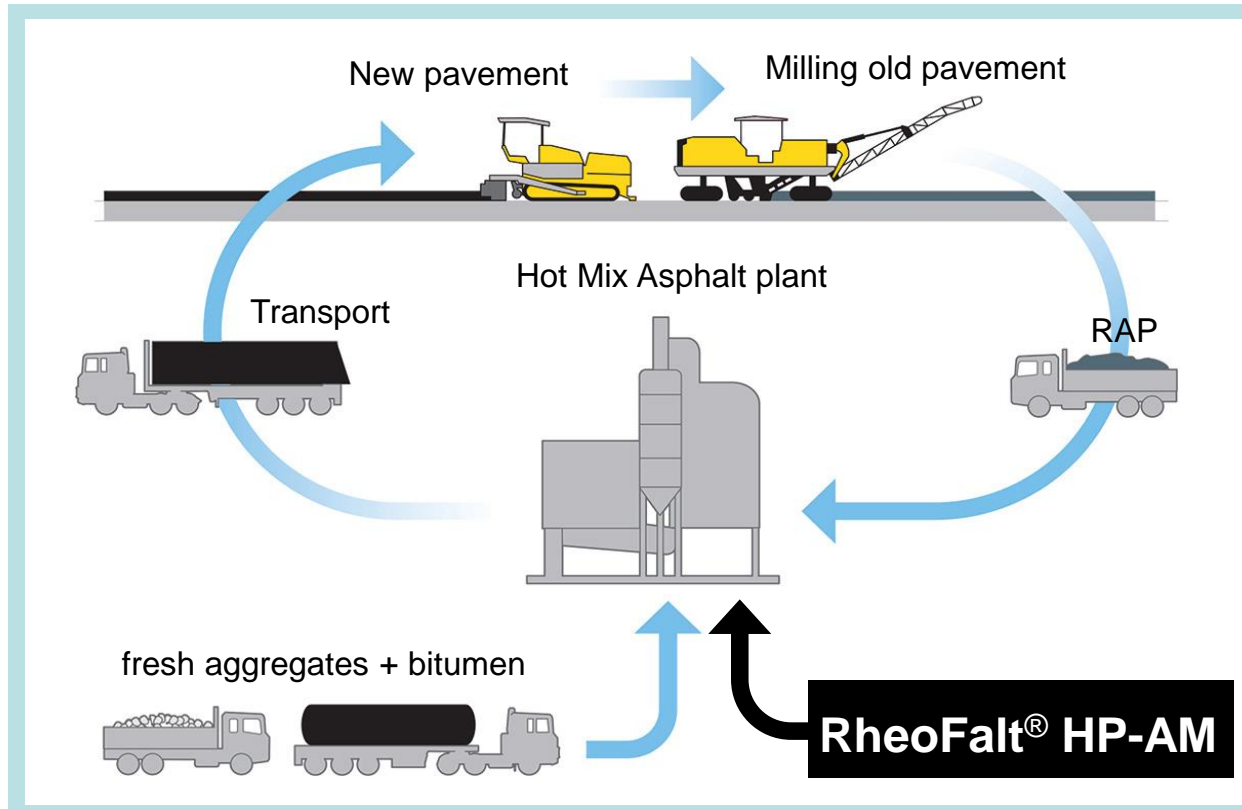
- 100% natural resin based
- 100% renewable
- directly polymerized (patented)
- solvent free / flux-oil free
- vegetable oil free (plasticizer free)

### Physical properties

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Visible condition | liquid                                  |
| Viscosity         | max. 4000 mPa*s (at 25°C)               |
| Specific gravity  | 0.97 - 0.99 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (at 25°C) |
| Flash Point       | min. 200°C                              |
| pH                | min. 6                                  |



## Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)



### Highest possible reuse

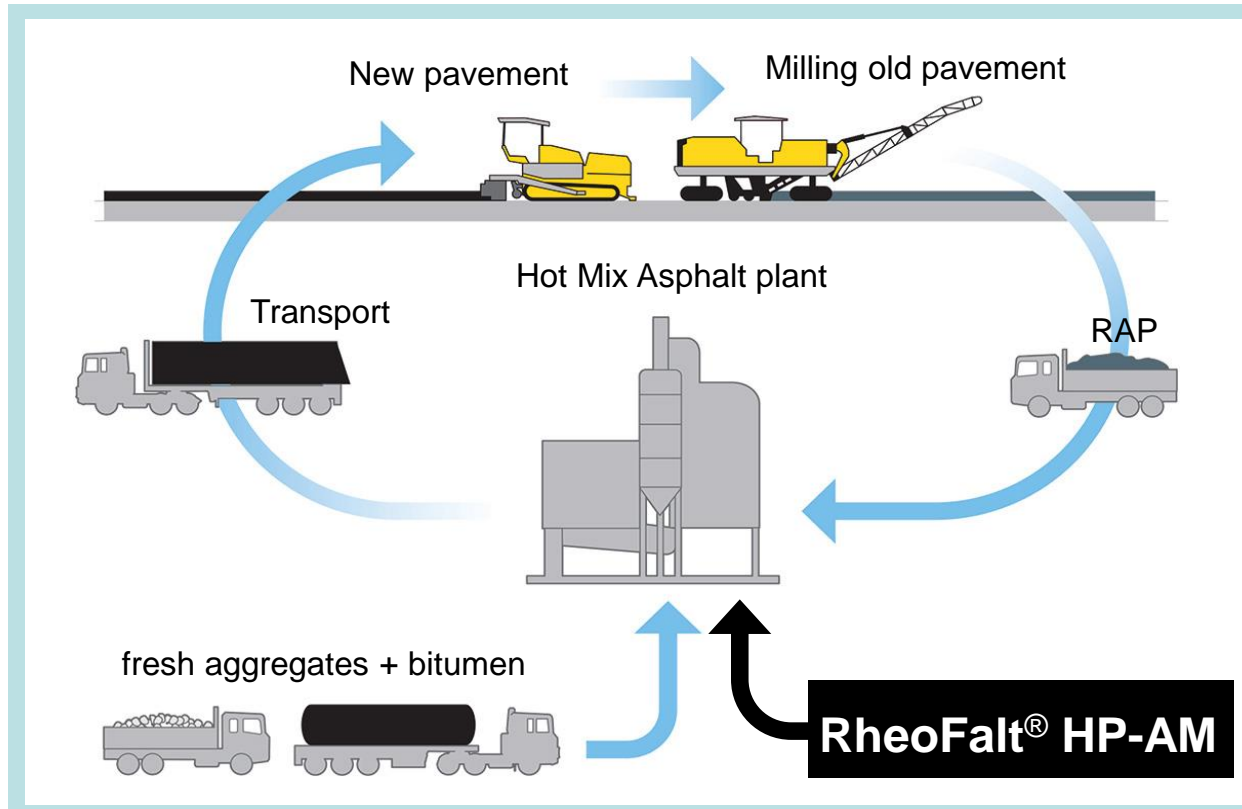
#### Selective milling

- Fine RAP in surface course
- Medium RAP in binder layer
- Rough RAP in base layer

#### Valuable raw materials

- Bitumen
- High quality aggregates

## Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)



**Less CO<sub>2</sub> emissions**

- Less transport
- Less raw materials
  - Bitumen
  - Aggregates

**LESS COSTS**

**High sustainability!**

## Use in process: RheoFalt® HP-AM

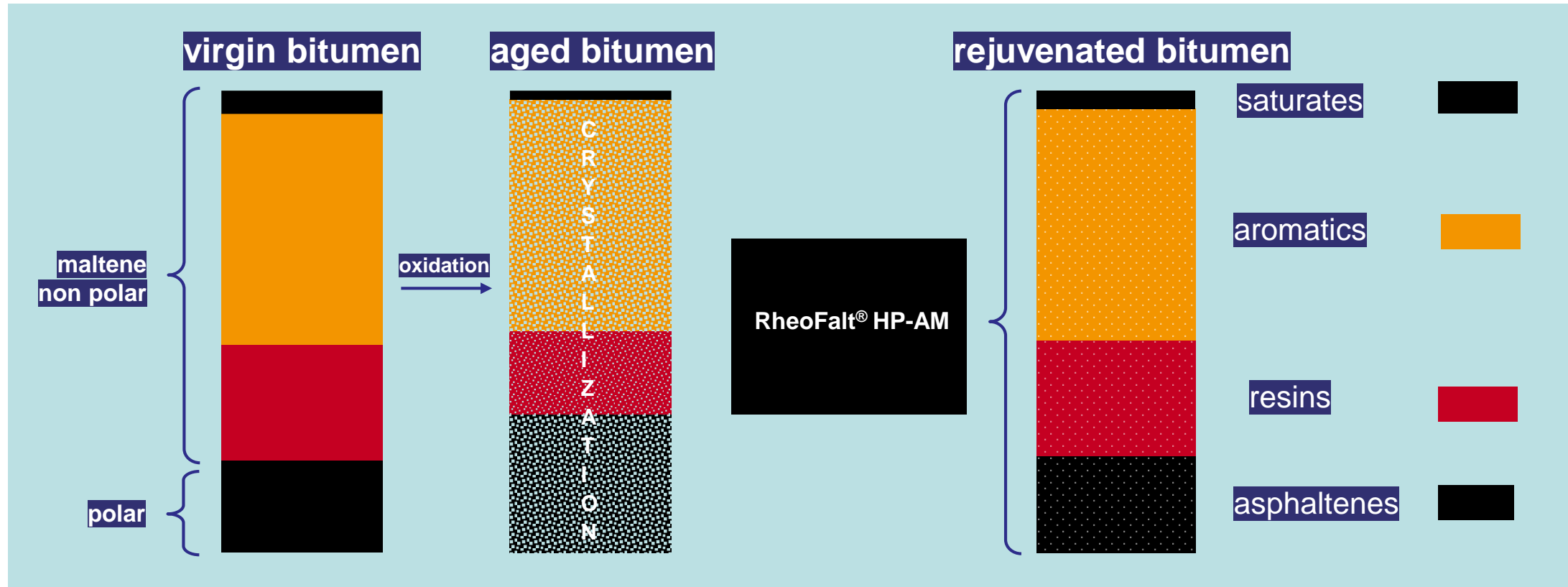


RheoFalt® HP-AM can be added very flexibly at Hot Mix Asphalt plants

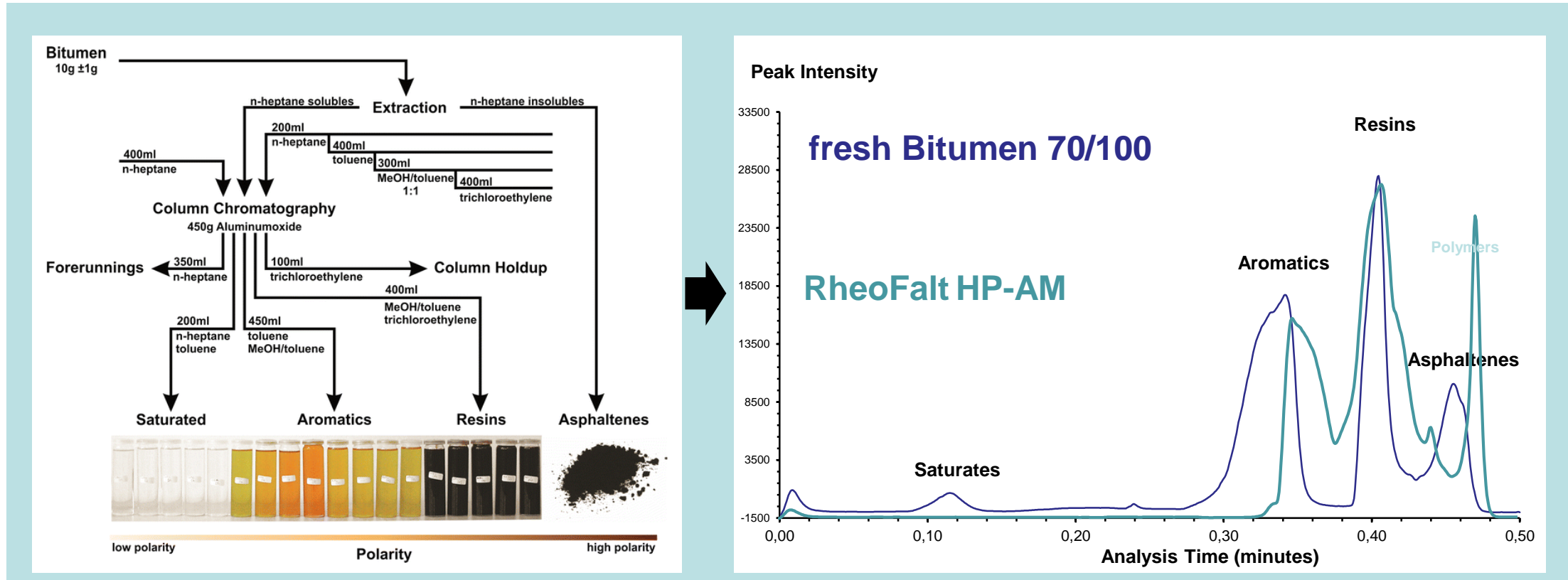
- directly in the mixer
- with binder in bitumen weight
- as pre-blend in bitumen tank
- sprayed over heated RAP

Quelle: BENNINGHOVEN

## Ageing of bitumen and the effects of RheoFalt® HP-AM



## RheoFalt® HP-AM – maltene donor SARA analysis Iatroscan Chromatogram RheoFalt® HP-AM





## RheoFalt® HP-AM - functions



- Rejuvenator
- Pen corrector
- Adhesion promoter
- Maltene donor

### Other applications:

bitumen based roofing systems and bitumen based waterproofing systems

## RheoFalt® HP-AM – pen corrector

RheoFalt®

Hard or aged bitumen mix

|                             | Bitumen A | Bitumen B |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Penetration [mm/10]         | 60        | 0         |
| SP <sub>r&amp;b</sub> [°C]  | 50,0      | 0,0       |
| wt.-% <i>on</i> bitumen mix | 100,0     | 0,0       |

(Bitumen A + Bitumen B = 100%)

wt.-% *on* bitumen mix: 2,50

**Results for final bitumen mix with RheoFalt**

| wt.-% <i>in</i> bitumen mix | RheoFalt | Bitumen A | Bitumen B |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
|                             | 2,44%    | 97,56%    | 0,00%     |

resulting Penetration: 80 mm/10

resulting SP<sub>r&b</sub>: 45,1 °C

← Experimental and has yet to be validated using real data

- Initial bitumen is 50/70
- Addition of 2.5% Rheofalt
- Resulting bitumen is 70/100

## Cost savings – RheoFalt® HP-AM

- Less new raw materials
  - bitumen
  - aggregates
- Less transportation
- Less costs
- Long time stability
  - interaction between Rheofalt HP-AM and asphaltenes
  - no migration in final asphalt
  - no micro-aging

## Summary part 2

- ➔ **RheoFalt® HP-AM meets all requirements.**
- ➔ **RheoFalt® HP-AM is a bio-based material.**
- ➔ **RheoFalt® HP-AM is multifunctional.**
- ➔ **RheoFalt® HP-AM as cost saving tool.**
- ➔ **Available!**

# AV '23 CONFERENCE ASPHALT PAVEMENTS 2023



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